Name: _	KE1	Date:	Period:
	The	Digestive System Study	y Guide
die 2 li	gest and absorb nefrom the food we state digestive tractorgans	in order that tood nacces throug	each and small intestines
		iquid in the stomach called $_$	9
5	igestion is the proof ody. Enzymes aids in the enzyme Bile is	chemical digestion by speeding	own so that nutrients can be used by the
7. W (/hich organ maintains homed	estasis in the digestive system a absorbs water and returns it ith mechanical digestion.	nd how does it do this? from undigested Chym to the body
9. N	ame the organs associated w Salivary glands,	-	
10. Cł	newing is an example of whic	h type of digestion: chemical or	(mechanical?)
11. Na	ame the major digestive orga esophagus	n where NO digestion takes pla	ice.
12. W	that organ changes the food Stomach	we eat into chyme?	
to in	crease Surface are nutrients hat is peristalsis?	y are they important) and when La to absorb more	>small intestines
15. ln	which 2 organs does peristal esophagus, St		

The Excretory System Study Guide

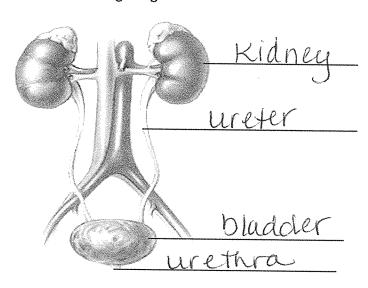
- 1. The Weter is a tube that leads from each kidney to the bladder
- 2. Name the major organs of urinary system KidneyS
- 3. What are the filtering units of the kidneys? nephron
- 4. What organ holds urine until it is excreted? bladder
- 5. List the major excretory organs. Urinary System, digestive System, Skin, respiratory system

 6. List three functions of the urinary system
- 6. List three functions of the urinary system.

 rids the blood of wastes produced by cells

 removes excess water from the blood

 balances the amount of Salts and water in the body
- 7. What is the function of the kidneys?
- 8. What is the waste fluid held in the bladder?
- 11. What do the ureters do? Bladder? transport waste from the kidneys to the bladder, the Bladder holds the waste 12. What is the urethra? until its released from tube leading from the bladder out of the body the body
- 14. Label the following diagram



15. What happens when the kidneys don't work?

waste builds up in the blood and can act as poisms, damage organs

16. Why is skin considered an excretory organ?

b/C you release excess salt through sweating

20. What is the process of filtering blood by an artificial kidney machine called?

dialysis

Name	Date	Group
DIGES	TIVE SYSTEM	,
	8	

Place the organs of the digestive system in the correct order.

Stomach Esophagus Mouth Large Intestine Small Intestine

Match the organ with its proper function.

- 1. Digestion begins here, when saliva mixes with food and the tongue and teeth break down the food.
- A. Esophagus
- 2. A muscular bag where food is mixed with strong acids and enzymes and work together to break down food.
- B. Large Intestine
- C. Stomach
- __ 3. This organ transports chewed food to the stomach.
- D. Small Intestine
- 4. This organ absorbs water from the undigested food and returns water to the body.
- E. Mouth
- 2 5. Nutrients are absorbed into the blood vessels through villi.

WHAT A WASTE!

The garbage collectors spend most of the night carrying away the waste of the medical center; some of the waste is quite interesting. Tonight they have found a discarded study sheet about waste.

The student who wrote the notes apparently was doing research or studying for a test. How much of the information has this student recorded correctly?

Look for any errors in the student's notes.

Cross out or add any organs to the sheet to make it correct.



WASTE SYSTEMS The Body's Excretory Organs

		·
	Waste-Removal Function	Names of organs that perform the function
1.	Remove water from the body	kidneys, bladder, ureter
2.	Remove carbon dioxide from the body	lungs, tiver
3.	Remove body heat	tongs, skin
4.	Filter toxic substances out of the blood	Kidneys, liver gall bladder
5.	Remove salt from the body	skin, kidneys
6.	Carry urine to bladder	ureter small intestine
7.	Carry urine out of bladder	urethra Eustachian tube
-8.	Store urine before it is passed out of the body	bladder pancreas
9.	Remove chemical wastes from the blood	Kidneys, liver

10. How does the skin function as a waste-removal organ?

rem	oves_	excess	salt	and	cellular	wastes.
MA	Swea	itha				
			and the state of t			